

Soil Health of Mountaintop Removal Mines in Southern West Virginia

Revised Project Report

By

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Abstract

Minesoils are young soils developing in drastically disturbed earth materials. The health and quality of these soils will deviate from native soils. Although minesoil quality in some places may be worse than the native soil quality, research has shown that overburden materials may be manipulated to improve minesoil quality, especially soil physical and chemical properties. However, very little information about microbiological activity in minesoils is available. Therefore, this study was designed to evaluate physical, chemical and microbiological properties of minesoils developing on reclaimed mountaintop removal coal mines in southern West Virginia. Minesoils of different ages and the contiguous native soils were described and sampled on three mines. Routine physical and chemical properties were determined as well as microbial biomass C and N, potentially mineralizable N, and microbial respiration. All minesoils were weakly developed compared to the native soils, but most had a transition horizon (AC) or a weak B horizon (Bw) developing between the A horizon at the surface and the C horizons. The minesoils would be classified as Entisols, while most of the native soils were Inceptisols. Both native and minesoil biomass C and N, potentially mineralizable N, and microbial respiration were generally within ranges of other reported data. In general, there were more similarities between the properties of the oldest minesoils and the native soils than between the younger minesoils and the native soils. There is a trend of C accumulation as the minesoils become older, and it appears that the stable organic pool is increasing with age. This study indicates that the minesoils are approaching stable, developed soils and should become more like the native soils as they continue to develop.

Introduction

Soil quality or health can be broadly defined as the capacity of a living soil to function, within natural or managed ecosystem boundaries, to sustain plant and animal productivity, maintain or enhance water and air quality, and promote plant and animal health (Doran et al., 1999). Minesoil health is important, not only for initial revegetation, but also for continued long-term productivity and environmental quality. Since minesoils are drastically disturbed soils,

their initial properties will be different than the surrounding native soils. However, minesoils are subject to the same soil forming factors and processes that have developed the contiguous native soils. These processes will eventually develop minesoils with properties similar to the native soils. Therefore, studies of minesoil health should include some documentation of minesoil property changes or differences with time. The objective of this study was to document differences in selected minesoil properties, especially those related to microbial activity, on mountaintop removal coal mines of different ages, and to compare the minesoils to the major contiguous native soils.

Methods and Materials

Site Descriptions And Field Sampling

Minesoils and native soils were sampled at the Dal-Tex mine in the Spruce Fork watershed in Logan County, the Hobet-21 mine in the Mud River watershed of Boone County, and the Cannelton mine in the Twentymile Creek watershed in Fayette County. Two different ages of minesoils, with three sampling points each, were selected for sampling at the Hobet-21 (8 and 17 years old) and Cannelton sites (16 and 30 years old). All sampling points at these two mines were 250 m apart, and they were placed 50 m away from the nearest wildlife sampling point. Specific location of each sampling point is presented in Appendix Table 1.

At Hobet-21, the 8-year-old site had slopes ranging from 3 to 5% with a south-southwest aspect. The Hobet-21 17-year-old site had slopes ranging from 3 to 28% with a northwest aspect. Slope inclination at each sampling point is presented in Appendix Table 2. All Hobet-21 sampling points were located at mid slope. At Cannelton, all minesoil sampling points also were located at mid slope and had a south-southwest aspect. Slopes ranged from 5 to 10% on the 16-year-old site, and all slopes were 2% on the 30-year-old site. All minesoils on both of these sites had similar geology and topography, and they had been mined and reclaimed by similar methods.

Three sampling points also were located on the contiguous steeply sloping native soils at both mine sites. These sampling points were located at mid slope and had south-southwest aspects at both sites. Hobet-21 soils had 45 to 72% slopes, and Cannelton soils had 45 to 70% slopes.

Sampling sites at the Dal-Tex mine had been selected &r another study (Thomas et al., 2000), but also were used for this study. Four different ages (23, 11,7, and 2 years old) of minesoils were sampled. Three gently sloping and three steeply sloping sampling points were located on each of the different aged sites. Two steeply sloping native soils were sampled. All minesoil and native soil sampling points had south-southwest aspects. Slope inclination at each sampling point is presented in Appendix Table 2. The distance between sampling points on this mine differed for each age. Each of the sampling points at the 2-year-old site was within a distance of 20 m from the next point. Sampling points on the native soils and on each of the other minesoil ages were more than 20 in apart. The longest distance between points was approximately 100 meters on the 23-year-old site.

Native soils mapped at the three locations are presented below. In general, they are very similar. They are moderately deep and acid with loamy textures.

- a. Cannelton Muskingum; fine-loamy, mixed, active, mesic Typic Dystrochrepts (Gorman and Espy, 1975)
- b. Hobet-21 Berks; loamy-skeletal, mixed, active, mesic Typic Dystrochrepts Gilpin; fine-loamy, mixed, sciniactive, mesic Typic Hapludults (Wolf, 1994)
- c. Dal-Tex Berks; loamy-skeletal, mixed, active, mesic Typic Dystrochrepts
 Matewan; loamy-skeletal, mixed, active, mesic Typic
 Dystrochrepts (Rob Pate, Natural Resources Conservation Service, personal communication)

All native soils at each of the sites were forested. Both minesoil sampling sites at Cannelton were predominantly vegetated with grasses and legumes. The 16-year-oldsite had scattered black locust (*Robinia pseudoacacia* L.) trees, but the 30-year-old site had more trees of a variety of species including black locust, maples (*Acer* sp.), pines (*Pinus* sp.), sweet gum (*Liquidambar styraciflua* L.) and sourwood (*Oxydendrum urboreum* L.). The 8-year-old site at Hobet-21 was covered with grasses and legumes. The major cover on the Hobet-21 17-year-old site was black locust with ground cover of grasses and legumes. At Dal-Tex, the 23-year-old site was predominantly forested with some grasses and legumes on the gently sloping sites. The 7-year-old site had predominantly grasses and legumes with some shrubs. The 11-year-old and the 2- year-old sites were covered with grasses and legumes with scattered trees at the 11-year-old site.

At each sampling point, a soil pit was dug to a depth of 40 cm or more to expose enough of the soil to determine the thickness of the surface mineral horizon and to observe one or more subsurface horizons. The soil was described to the exposed depth, and bulk samples were collected from the surface horizon for laboratory analyses. The average thickness of surface horizons for all soils is presented in Table 1. These samples were collected in early to mid June 2000. All samples were refrigerated at 4" C until they were analyzed. Bulk density of the surface horizon was determined in the field by a frame excavation technique developed by soil scientists at the National Soil Survey Laboratory in Lincoln, NE (Grossman, R.B., unpublished procedure).

Laboratory Analyses

Texture, pH and electrical conductivity were determined by standard methods of the National Soil Survey Laboratory (Soil Survey Staff, 1996). A LECO CNS-2000 analyzer was used to determine total carbon, sulfur, and nitrogen. Microbial biomass C and N were determined by a chloroform-fumigation-extraction procedure (Rice et al., 1996). Twenty grams of sample at field moisture content were used for this extraction procedure. Nitrogen in extracts was determined by a Kjeldahl method, and C was determined by a Tekmar-Dohrman DC-190

automated carbon analyzer. Potentially mineralizable N was determined by an anaerobic incubation procedure (Drinkwater et al., 1996). Microbial respiration was determined by static soil incubation in closed bottles (Zibilske et al., 1994). Triplicate soil samples (25 g field moist) were placed in funnels lined with Whatman #1 filter paper. Soils were then completely saturated with 100ml of distilled water and allowed to drain for 24 hr to normalize soil moisture. Wetted soil (20 g) was weighed into serum bottles (160 ml) and incubated uncovered in the dark for 24 hr. Each bottle was capped with a butyl rubber stopper, and initial headspace CO₂ levels were established by injecting 1 ml via a syringe into an infrared gas analyzer (IRGA) equipped with a gas recirculation loop. This process was repeated for each bottle at 24, 48, 72, and 96 hr. Microbial respiration rates were determined using linear regression analysis of CO₂ concentrations at each sampling time.

Results and Discussion

The GPS latitude and longitude for each of the minesoil and native soil sampling points are presented in Appendix Table 1. Detailed profile descriptions are presented in Appendix Table 2. All of the minesoils had developed A horizons and most of the profiles had some weak development in the subsoil, so AC or Bw horizons were described. Minesoils at the Dal-Tex 1976-01 and the Hobet-21 1992-01 sites have cambic horizons and would be classified as Inceptisols (Soil Survey Staff, 1998), while all other minesoils are Entisols. All native soils, except Hobet-21 native-01, are classified as Inceptisols. Hobet-21 native 01 has an argillic horizon and is classified as an Ultisol.

In general, A horizons of the strongly sloping minesoils at Dal-Tex were thicker than the A horizons of the gently sloping minesoils (Table 1). Thickness of A horizons directly relates to the depth of incorporation and accumulation of organic matter primarily from root gowth, but also from aboveground biomass. Since bulk densities of the gently sloping minesoils were generally greater than the bulk densities of the strongly sloping minesoils (Thomas et al., 2000), roots should have penetrated more deeply on the strongly sloping minesoils developing thicker A horizons. A review of Appendix Table 2 shows that A horizons had more roots than subsurface horizons.

Rock fragment content of minesoil subsoil liorizons averaged greater than 35% by volume and was greater tlian the rock fragment content of A horizons (Appendix Table 2). Therefore, all iiiinesoils were classified as skeletal (Soil Survey Staff, 1998). Some of the native soils had more than 35% and others had less than 35% rock fragments in the subsoil horizons (Appendix Table 2). The average A-horizon rock fragment content € rall soils was less than 35% by volume (Table 1, Appendix Table 2).

Minesoil physical and chemical properties are presented in Table 2. Most of the minesoils and native soils had loamy textures, i.e. sandy loam, loam, silt loam, or silty clay loam. Electrical conductivity values were very low for all soils. Minesoil pH ranged from 4.1 on the 23-year-old Dal-Tex site to 7.0 on the S-yew-old Hobet-21 site. Native soil pH values generally ranged from 4.5 to 5.6, but one site at Dal-Tex had a pH of 3.7. Low total S values for all

minesoils and native soils in this study were similar to values reported by Smith et al. (1976) for soils and overburdens in nearby Mingo County.

Our minesoil aiid native soil C and N values are similar to other minesoils with comparable vegetation (Li, 1991; Prince aiid Raney, 1961; unpublished soil survey data, National Soil Survey Laboratory, Lincoln, NE). However, except for Dal-Tex native-02, the native soil C and N values are on the low end of the range of the other native soils used for comparison. The Dal-Tex native-02 C value of 12.45% is higher than most soils in the region. Total N and C values tended to be lower for minesoils than for native soils on the Dal-Tex site. However, the older minesoils on the Cannelton and Hobet-21 sites, had higher C and N values than the native soils.

Both native soil aiid minesoil bioinass C and N, potentially mineralizable N and microbial respiration (MR) (Table 3) are generally within ranges given for other soils (Myrold, 1987; Insam and Dornsch, 1988; Rice et al., 1996). The minesoil biomass C values are generally higher than values reported for soils from long-term cropping experiments, but minesoil biomass N and potentially mineralizable N are similar to values from these experiments (Bonde et al., 1988). The native soils at Dal-Tex and at Cannelton are similar to each other in all three parameters, but the Hobet native soil is lower for all three. The reasons for this difference are no: understood at this time since soils and vegetation are similar for the three sites.

Rice et al. (1996) suggest that the ratio of microbial biomass to total soil organic carbon and nitrogen may provide a measure of soil organic matter dynamics and soil quality. These authors quote other studies for agricultural soils (Anderson and Domsch, 1989; Jenkinson, 1988; Sparling, 1992) indicating that microbial biomass C (MBC) normally comprises 1 to 4% of total organic C and microbial biomass N (MBN) comprises 2 to 6% of the total organic N. The biomass C to total C (TC) ratios for all of our minesoils and native soils are within this quoted range (Table 4). The biomass N to total N (TN) ratios of the native soils at Dal-Tex are within this range, but the ratios present in the native soils at the other two mines are generally higher than the reported range. The fact that these soils are forest soils may explain why the MBN:TN range is different than that reported for agricultural soils. Extremely high MBN:TN values for Dal-Tex 7-year-old aiid 11-year-old sites indicate that these soils have not developed a stable organic matter base.

As the organic carbon pool becomes more stable with time, ratios of MBC:TC, MBN:TN and potentially mineralizable nitrogen (PMN):TC should decrease. This relationship is apparent at the Dal-Tex site. No total N was detectable in the Dal-Tex 2-year-old site, so the ratios could not be calculated. This site is apparently so young that the C and N pools are very unstable. However, the MBN:TN and PMN:TN ratios generally decrease in the following order: 7 years > 11 years > 23 years > native soil. For the MBC:TC ratios, there is a decrease in the following order: 11 years > 7 years = 23 years > native soil. We do not understand at this time why the MBC:TC ratio for the 7-year-old minesoil is not higher than the 11 or 23-year-old minesoil. These same relationships of decreasing ratios with age are not readily apparent at the Cannelton and Hobet-21 sites. The total C values may not be an accurate estimate of organic C in some minesoils because of the presence of coal or high C rock fragments in the samples. Therefore, the N values and ratios are probably more reliable comparisons.

Soil respiration previously has been used to assess decomposition dynamics in West Virginia minesoils (Stroo and Jencks, 1985). Kennedy and Papendick (1995) suggested that a respiratory quotient such as the MR/MBC ratio relates both the size and activity of microbial biomass. A lowering of the ratio indicates a trend to a more stable and mature system (Insam and Domsch, 1988). The respiratory quotient for the Dal-Tex soils decreased in the following order: 7 years > 11 years > 23 years > native soil (Table 4). Again excluding the 2-year-old soil, this trend indicated a maturation of soils at the Dal-Tex site. A decreasing respiratory quotient with site age was not observed at the Cannelton and Hobet sites.

Based upon these data, we conclude that there is a trend toward the accumulation of C as these minesoils age. Also, it appears that the stable organic pool is increasing. The older minesoils, especially the 23-year-old minesoils at Dal-Tes and the 30-year-old minesoils at Cannelton, have properties similar to the native soils. These data and other data (Thomas et al., 2000) indicate that the minesoils sampled in this study are approaching stable, developed soils.

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Appendix Table 1. GPS Coordinates of Minesoils and Native Soils at Three Sites.

Site	Latitude	Longitude
Dal-Tex		
Gently Sloping		
23 yr old		
1976-01	N 37 deg 53 niin 48 sec	W 81 deg 51 min 20 sec
1976-03	N 37 deg 53 rnin 30 sec	W S1 deg 51 min 32 sec
1976-05	N 37 deg 53 min 30 sec	W 81 deg 51 min 33 sec
15,6 00		
11yr old		
1988-01	N 37 deg 54 rnin 56 sec	W 81 deg 51 niin 21 sec
1988-03	N 37 deg 54 niin 58 sec	W SI deg 51min 11sec
1988-05	N 37 deg 54 min 52 sec	W 81 deg 50 min 58 sec
1700-03	14 37 deg 34 mm 32 see	W 01 deg 50 mm 50 500
71.1		
7 yr old 1992-01	N 27 dag 55 min 72 sec	W 81 deg 50 min 17 sec
1992-01	N 37 deg 55 min 22 sec N 37 deg 55 min 21 sec	W 81 deg 50 min 17 sec W 81 deg 50 min 20 sec
	_	
1992-05	N 37 deg 55 min 20 sec	W 81 deg 50 min 25 sec
2 yr old		****
1997-01	N 37 deg 56 min 11 sec	W 81 deg 51 min 16sec
1997-03	N 37 deg 56 niin 11 sec	W 81 deg 51 min 14 sec
1997-05	N 37 deg 56 min 10sec	W 81 deg 51 min 12 sec
Strongly Sloping		
23 yr old		
1976-02	N 37 deg 53 min 42 sec	W 81 deg 51 niin 27 sec
1976-04	N 37 deg 53 min 41 sec	W 81 deg 51 min 33 sec
1976-06	N 37 deg 53 min 41 sec	W 81 deg 51 min 34 sec
	Č	<u> </u>
11yr old		
1988-02	N 37 deg 54 min 56 sec	W 81 deg 51 min 21 sec
1988-04	N 37 deg 54 min 57 sec	W 81 deg 51 min 11 sec
1988-06	N 37 deg 54 min 53 sec	W 81 deg 50 min 58 sec
1700-00	1 37 deg 54 mm 33 see	W of deg 30 mm 30 see
7 11		
7 yr old	NI 27 Jan 55 1 03 av-	W 91 day 50 niin 10 coa
1992-02	N 37 deg 55 min 23 sec	W 81 deg 50 niin 19sec
1992-04	N 37 deg 55 niin 22 sec	W 81 deg 50 niin 22 sec
1992-06	N 37 deg 55 min 21 sec	W S1 deg 50 min 25 sec
2 yr old		
1997-03	N 37 deg 56 min 10 sec	W SI deg 51 min 16sec
1997-04	N 37 deg 56 niin 10 sec	W 81 deg 51 min 14 sec
1997-06	N 37 deg 56 min 10 sec	W S1 deg 51 min 13 sec
Natives		
Native-01	N 37 deg 56 min 24 sec	W \$1 deg 51 min 17 sec
Native-02	N 37 deg 56 min 25 sec	W 81 deg 51 min 14 sec

	1		
Cannelton			
Minesoil			
30 yr old			
1970-01	N 38deg 12 min 39.5 sec	W S1deg 16 rnin 45.9 sec	
1970-02	N 38 deg 12 niin 34.7 sec	W 81 deg 17 niin 01.4 sec	
1970-03	N 38 deg 12 min 35.0 sec	W 81 deg 16min 56.0 sec	
16 yr old			
1984-01	N 38 deg 14 min 17.9 sec	W 81 deg 16min 46.6 sec	
1984-02	_	W 81 deg 16 min 32.3 sec	
1984-03	N 38 deg 14 niin 42.4 sec	W 81 deg 16 min 09.4 sec	
N-4!			
Natives Native-01	N 29 dra 14 mill 50 2 sag	W 01 dog 15 min 25 2 gag	
Native-02	N 38 drg 14 niin 58.2 sec	W 81 deg 15 min 25.2 sec	
Native-02 Native-03	N 38 deg 14 min 59.1 sec	W 81 deg 15 rnin 18.3 sec	
Native-03	N 38 deg 15 min 02.5 sec	W 81 deg 15 min 10.6 sec	
Hobet 21			
Minesoil Minesoil			
17 yr old			
1983-01	N 38 deg 07 min 13.2 sec	W 81 deg 53 min 0 1.5 sec	
1983-02	N 38 deg 06 min 58.7 sec	W 81 deg 52 niin 56.6 sec	
1983-03	N 38 deg 06 min 50.3 sec	W 81 deg 52 niin 46.2 sec	
8 yr old	N 20 1 04 : 400	W 01 1 55 " 40 0	
1992-01	N 38 deg 04 min 46.3 sec	W 81 deg 55 niin 42.3 sec	
1992-02	N 38 deg 04 min 41.0 sec	W 81 deg 55 min 58.8 sec	
1992-03	N 38 deg 04 min 4S.9 sec	W 81 deg 56 niin 03.8 sec	
Nativos			
Natives Native-() [N 38 deg 07 min 03.4 sec	W 81 deg 52 min 35.3 sec	
Native-02	N 38 deg 07 min 03.4 sec N 38 deg 07 min 01.9 sec	W 81 deg 52 min 36.2 sec	
Native-03	N 38 deg 05 mm 01.9 sec N 38 deg 06 min 59.9 sec	W \$1 deg 52 min 38.9 sec	
1\att\6-05	14 39 deg 00 mm 39.9 sec	W o rucy of min ob.7 sec	

Appendix Table 2. Profile Descriptions for the Dal-Tex, Cannelton, and Hobet -21 Mine Sites

Site ID &	Horizon	Depth	Mottling	Moist Color	Texture3	Structure	Moist ⁵ pl	1 Boundary ⁶	Roots7	Rock ⁸
Soil Age		(cm)					Consistence			Fragments
Dal-1	'ex									
1976-01	Oi	02								
23-years-olc	Oe	23						aw		
(2% slope)	A	37		2.5Y <i>51</i> 3	SIL	2, f, sbk breaking to	fr	cw	many, vf-c	20% SS
						2, f-in, gr				
	AC	722		2.5Y 5/3, 10YR 516, 10YR 6/ 2 , N 2.510	SICL	1, m-c, sbk	fr	cW	com, vf-c	30% SS, MS, C
	С	2265		7.5YR 5/8, 10YR 5/6, 2.5Y 7/4, 10YR 612 N 2.510	SICL	0, ma	fr	aw	few, vf-f	35% SS, MS, C
	2Cr	6579			Gray shale and	mudstone		aw		
	2R	79+			Sandstone					
1976-02	Oİ.	03								
23-years-olc	Oe	36						aw		
(30% slope)	A	6—13		10YR 4/2, 10YR 5/3	L	1,m, sbk breaking to	fr	cw	many, vl-m	4% SS, MS, C
						1, f-m, gr				
	AC	1331		10YR 4/2	L	1, m-c, sbk	fr	cw	few, vf-m	50%
	C/B	3175		2.5Y <i>513</i>	LS	80% 0, ma	vfr	gw	com, vf-m	SS, MS , C 65%
				2		20% 1, f, sbk			•	SS, MS,C
	С	75105+		2.5Y 512	LS	0, ma	vfr	aw	few vf-m	75% SS
	2R	79+			Sandstone					

Site TD &	Morizon	Depth	Mottling ¹	Moist Color2	Texture ³	Structure ⁴	Moist ⁵	pН	Boundary'	Roots7	Rock'
Soil Age		(cm)					Consistence	e			Pragments
1976-03	Oi	01			Leaf and stem li	itter					
23-years-old	Oe	15			Partially decom	posed leaf and stem	litter				
(6% slope)	A	5-12		10 YR 4/2	SL	2, f, sbk	fr	6.5	cw	many, vf-m	35%
						breaking to					SS, MS, C
						2, f-m,gr					
	AC	12-30		IOYR 3/2	SL	1, c, sbk	fr	6.0	cw	com, vf-m	50%
						breaking to					SS, MS, C
						1, m, sbk					
	CI	3087	com, f IOYR 5/8	N 310	SL	0, ma	fr	4.0	cw	few, vf-f	80%
											SS, MS, C
	C2	87115+	many, f, 7.5YR 4/6	IOYR 413	L	0, ma	fr				40%
			10YR 5/8,N 2.510 10YR 7/4								SS, MS, C
1976-04	Oi	01			Leaf and stem l	itter					
23-years-olc	Oe	14			Partially decom	posed leaf and stem	litter		aw		
(42% slope)	A	412		10YR 5/4	SL	2, f-m, gr	vſi		aw	many, vf-vc	30%
											SS, MS
	AC	1238	Discontinuous layers	10YR 5/4, 10YR <i>51</i> 6	SL	1,m-c, sbk	Ų.		gw	coin, vf-vc	GO%
			1 OYR 2/1								SS, MS, C
	C	3869		1 0Y R 5/4, 10YR 5/6	LS	0, ma	fr	5.0	gw	few, vf-c	45%
											SS, MS, C
	C/B	69150+	Discontinuous layers	IOYR 5/4, 10YR 5/6,	L	75% 0, ma	fr	6.0		com, vf-c	50%
			10YR 4/1	IOYR 4/4	SL/L	25% f-m,sbk					SS, MS, C

Site ID &	Horizon Depth	Mottling'	Moist Color'	Texture'	Structure ⁴	Moist'	pН	Boundary ⁶	Roots'	Rock ⁸
Soil Age	(cm)	_				Consistenc	e _			Fragments



1976-05	Oe	03			Partially decon	posed litter			aw		
23-years-old	A	38		10YR 3/3	LS	2, f, gr	vír	6.2	cw	many, vf-m	30%
(4% slope)											SS, <i>C</i>
	\mathbf{AC}	826		10YR 4/1, 10YR 4/2	SL	l, m, sbk	fr	6.0	cw	many, vf-m	50%
						breaking to					ss,c
						1, m, gr					
	C1	26-61	few, f-rn IOYR 518	10YR 4/2	SL	0, ma	fr	8.0	gw	few, vf-f	80%
											SS, C
	C2	61+			Fragmentallai	ge sandstone boulders	with large voi	ds			
1976-06	Oi	02			Leaf and stem	itter					
23-years-old	Oe	25			Partially dccon	iposed litter			aw		
(23% slope)	A	511		2.5Y 5/3	L	1, f-rn, sbk	fi		cw	many, vf-m	30%
						breaking to					SS, CO, MS
						I, m, gr					
	Bw	11-26	com, f-m, IOYR 518,	1 OYR <i>514</i>	L	1, m-c, sbk	fr		cw	corn, vf-c	40%
			.10YR 3/1								SS, CO, MS, C
	С	26120+	coni, f-m, IOYR 516,	10YR 4/3	L	0, ma	fr			fcw, f-m	60%
			10YR 3/1, 7.5YR 5/6			-,				,	SS, MS, C
											, ,
1988-01	Oe	03		10YR 4/2	Root Mat		fr		as	many, vf-f	
11-years-old	A	311		2.5Y 513	SL	1, m, sbk	fr		aw	many, vf-f	26%
(1% slope)						breaking to					SS, C
						2, m, gr					
	AC	1 I37		2.5Y 5/1	L	1, m, sbk	fr		cw	corn, vf-f	40%
											SS, C, MS
	C1	37-49		IOYR 513	SL/LS	0, ma	fr		gw	few, vf-f	70%
											SS, C
	C2	89160+		2.5Y 513	SL	0, ma	fr			vfew, vf-f	70%
											SS, MS, C
L											

1988-02	Oi	03 Root mat	IOYR 313				as	many, vf-f	
11-years-old	A	312	10YR 416	L	1, m, sbk	fr	CW	com, vf-m	30%

(44% slope)						breaking to				SS
						2, m, gr				
	AC	1241		10YR 4/6	SL	1, f-m, sbk	fr	aw	few, vf-m	35%
										ss,c
	C1	4175		10YR 4/2	SL	90% 0, ma	vfr	gw	com, vf-m	70%
						10%2, f, sbk				SS, MS, C
	c2	75125+		10YR 4/2	SL	0, ma	vfr		few, vf-f	70%
										SS, MS, C
1988-03	A	03		1 OYR 4/2	SL	1-2, m, sbk	vír	aw	many, vf-f	20%
11-years-old							_			SS
(7% slope)	AC	316		10YR 4/1	SL	1, m, sbk	fr	cw	com, vf-f	50%
							_			ss,c
	C1	16-49		2.5Y 4/1	SL	0, ma	fr	aw	few, vf	G0%
	_			40000 410			_			SS, C
	c2	4991		10YR 4/3	SL	0, ma	fr	CW	few, vf	50%
										SS,C
	с 3	91125+	com, f, 10YR 5/6	10YR 4/4	CL		fr		vfcw, vf	SO%
										SS, C

1988-04	Oe	02		many, vf-m	30%				
11-years-old									SS
(34%slope)	\mathbf{A}	2-10	10YR 4/3	SL	2, f-m, gr	vfr	cw	many, vf-m	50%
									SS

	C1	10-24		10YR 5/4	SL/LS	95% 0, ma 5% 1, m, sbk breaking to 1, m, gr	fr	cw	corn. vf-m	60% SS,C														
	2	2459		10YR 5/4, 10YR 5/8	SL/SCL	95% 0, ma 5% 1, m, sbk	fr	cw	few, vf-m	ss,c														
	ദ	59114		10YR 4/6, 10YR 5/6	L	0, ma	fi in place fr in hand	aw	vfcw, vf-m	ss,c ss,c														
	c 4	114125+	com, f, 10YR 5/6	10YR 4/1	L/CL	0, ma	fr			60% SS,C														
1988-05 11-years-old (8% slope)	A	09		10YR 313	SL	I, m, sbk breaking to 1, f, gr	vír	cw	many, vſ-ſ	30% SS														
1 /	C 1	922																10YR 4/1	SL	0, ma	fr	cw	com, vf-f	55% SS, MS, C
	Q	22–45																2.5Y 412	SL	O, ma	fr	gw	few, f-vf	70%
	ദ	4579		2.5Y 4/1	LS	0, ma	fr	gw	few, vf-f	<i>55%</i> SS, MS , C														
	c4	79135+		2.5Y 4/1	SL	0, ma	fr		vfew, vf	50% SS, MS, C														

Site ID &	Horizon	Depth	Mottling ¹	Moist Color ²	Texture'	Structure4	Moist'	pН	Boundary ^o	Roots'	Rock'
Soil Age							Consistence				Fragments
1988-06	A	07		10YR 3/3, 10YR 4/3	L	2, f-m, gr	vfr		cw	many, vf-f	30%
11-years-old											SS
(48% slope)	AC	736		10YR 413	L	1-2, m-c, sbk	fr		gw	corn, vf-f	60%
											ss,c
	СВ	3672	few, m-c, 7.5YR 5/6	10YR 4/3	SL	1, c, sbk	fr		cw	few, vf-f	75%
											ss,c
	С	72150+		2.5Y 5/3	SL	0, ma	fi in place		gw	vfew, vf-f	50%

						fr in hand				SS, C
1992-01 7-years-old (0.5% slope:	A	08	10YR 3/3	SL	1, m, sbk breaking to	v fr	7.5	cw	many, vf-f	25% SS
(0.5% stope.	C1/B	830	2.5Y 4I3	LS	2 , vf-f, gr 75%, 0, ma 25% ,1 ,f-m, sbk	fr	8.0	gw	com, vf-f	go% SS, MS, C
	C2/B	3077	1OYR 412	LS	90%, 0, ma 1 0%, l, f, sbk	fr	8.0	cw	few, vf-f	70% SS, MS, C
	С	77125+ com, f, 10YR 618	10YR 514	LS	0, ma	vſi	8		few, vf-f	75% SS,MS, C
1992-02	<i>ci</i> i.	02		Leaf and stem	litter					
7-years-old (27% slope)	A	2-8	10YR 4/1	SL	2, f-ni, gr	vfr		cw	many, vf-f	25% SS
•	AC	8–24	10YR 4/1	SL	l, m, sbk	fr		ci	com, vf-f	40% SS, MS, C
	C1/B	24–60	10YR 4/2, 10YR 4/3	SL	90% 0, ma 10% 1, m, sbk	fi in place fr in hand		gw	com, vf-f	50% SS, C
	C2/B	60107	10YR 4/2	SIL/LS	90% 0, ma 10% 1, m, sbk	fi in place fr in hand		gw	few, vf-f	SO% SS, MS ,C
	С	107-207+	10YR 4/2	SL/LS	95% 0, ma 5% 1,m, sbk	vfr			few, vf-f	50% SS, MS, C
				(roots con	tinue past 207 cm)					

Site ID & Soil Age	Horizon	Depth (cm)	Nlottling ¹	Moist Color ²	Texture ³	Structure'	Moist' Consistence	pН	Boundary ⁶	Roots'	Rock ⁸ Fragments
1992-03	Oe	02			Partially decom	posed organic matte	er		aw		
7-ycars-old	Α	26		10YR 4/1	L	2, f, sbk	v ſr		cw	many, vf-f	30%
(1% slope)						breaking to					SS, MS
						1, f-m, sbk					
	AC	624	few, c, 7.5 YR 5/6	10YR 3/1	L	I, c, sbk	fr		aw	com, vf-f	25%
						2, m, sbk					MS, SS
						around roots					
	C/B	24-48		2.5Y 5/3	SL	60% 0, ma	fr		gw	com, vf-f	71%
						40%, 2, £-m, sbk					SS, C

	C1	4866		1OYR 5/3	SL	95%, 0 , ma 5%, 1, m , sbk	fi in place fr in hand		gw	few, vf-f	75% SS, MS, C						
	c2	6697		IOYR 513	SL	0, ma	fr		gw	few, vf-m	75% SS, MS, C						
	ദ	97160+		IOYR 5/3	SL	0, ma	fr		gw	vfew, f-m	90% SS, MS						
1992-04 7-years-old	A	07		1OYR 3/1	SL/L	2, m, gr	νſι·	4.2	cw	many, vf-m	15% SS						
(33% slope)	Bw	721	coni, f, IOYR 5/6	10YR 4/2, 10YR 5/3	SL	I, m, sbk	fir	4.2		com, vf-m	30% SS						
	C1	2142								2.5Y <i>51</i> 3	SL/LS	0, ma	fi in place fr in hand	4.2	gw	few, vf-m	4.5% SS, MS, C
	C2	42101		2.5Y 5/3	SL/LS	0, ma	fi in place fr in hand	4.2	cw	none	45% SS, MS, C						
	cЗ	1011 <i>G0+</i>		2.5Y 5/3	SULS	0, ma	ſr			none	56%						
											SS, MS, C						

Site In a	Horizon	•	Mottling ¹	Moist Color2	Texture3	Structre	Moist'	pН	Boundary ⁶	Roots	Rock ⁸
Soil Age		(cm)					Consistence				Fragments
1992-05	Oe	02			Partially decom	posed leaf and stem	litter		aw		35%
7-years-old	1										SS
	A	26		2.5Y 3/2	SL	1, f-m, gr	vír	6.0	cW	many, vf-m	35%
											SS
	AC	6-24		2.5Y 4/1, 2.5Y 3/1	SL	1-2, f-m, sbk	fr	6.5	cw	com, vf-m	50%
											SS, MS,C
	C1/B	24-48		2.5Y 3/1	L	60%, 0, ma	fr	7.0	gw	com, vf-m	GO%
						40%, 1, f, sbk					SS, MS, C
						breaking to					
						1, f, gr					
	C2/B	48-66		2.5Y 311	L	85%, 0, ma	vfr/l	6.5		few, vf-m	70%

			(Re	oots continue pa	15%, 1, f , sbk breaking to 1, f , gr s t lowest horizon descri	ibed)				SS, MS, C
1992-06 7-years-old	A1	010	10YR 312, 10YR 4I2	SL	2, f-m, gr	vfr	4.2	cw	many, vf-m	30% SS, C
(39% slope)	A2	1019	10YR 513	SL	1, m, gr	vfi		cW	many, vf-m	35% SS
	AC	1932	IOYR 6/4	SL	1, m, sbk breaking to 1, m, gr	fi	4.2	CW	com, vf-m	40% SS
	C1	3273	10YR 514	LS/SL	75%, 0, ma 25%, 1, m, sbk	vſr	4.2	gw	few, vf-m	50% SS
	C2	73110+	10YR 5/4	SI	0, ma	vír	4.5		vsew, vf-f	50%

Site ID & Soil Age	Horizon	Depth (cm)	Mottling ¹	Moist Color ²	Texture ³	Structure4	Moist ⁵ Consistence	pН	Boundary ⁶	Roots ⁷	Rock ⁸ Fragments
1997-01	Oi	01	·		Grass stems		0 <u>10.71</u>	-			
2-years-old	A	14		1OYR 4/3	SL	1, f, gr	vfr		CW	many, vf-f	40%
(15% slope)											SS, MS, C
	AC	4-10		10YR 4/3	SL	l, m, sbk	fr		cw	corn, vr-f	40%
											SS, MS, C
	C1	1041	com, f-m, 2.5Y 6/6,	2.5Y 412	usl	0, ma	vfr		gw	few, vf-f	50%
			N 2.510								SS,C, MS
	<i>c</i> 2	1092		2.5Y 413	SL	0, ma	fr		aw	few, vf-f	60%
			IOYR 5/6, 7.5YR 518								SS,C, MS
			2.5YR 5/8, 2.5Y 616								
			10YR <i>616</i>								
	ദ	92150+	few, f, 2.5Y 7/1	7.5YR 518	LS	0, ma	fi in place				90%
							fr in hand				SS

1997-02	Oi	02			Grass and legu	ime stems				
2-years-old	A	26		2.5Y 312	SL	1, f-m, gr	vfr	cw	com, vf-m	30%
(43%slope)										SS, MS, C
	C 1	6-51	com, f-m, IOYR 5/6,	2.5Y 312	SL	90%, 0, ma	fr	gi	few, vf-m	50%
			N 2.5/0, 10YR 4/4			10%, 1, f, sbk				SS, MS, C
	C2	51104	com, f, N 2.5/0,	1OYR 512	L/SL	0, ma	fi in place	ci	few, vf-f	75%
			10YR 5/6							SS, MS, C
	C3	104140+	few, m, N 2.510	10YR 3/2, 10YR 4/2	SL	0, ma	fr		víew, vf-f	40%
										SS, MS, C

Site III & Soil Age	Horizon	Depth (cm)	Mottling ¹	Moist Color ²	Texture ³	Structure4	Moist ⁵ pH Consistence	Boundary ⁶	Roots ⁷	Rock ⁸ Fragments
1997-03	Oi	01			Grass and legur	ne stem litter				
2-years-old (10% slope)	Λ	17		2.5Y 3/2	l.	1, m, sbk breaking to	ſr	cw	many, vf-m	20% SS, MS, C
	AC	7–13		2.5Y 312	L	2, m, gr I, m, sbk	ft [.]	gw	com, vſ-m	20% SS, MS, <i>C</i>
	C1	13–56	few, m-c, 10YR 516	2.5Y 3/I	L	0, ma	fi	aw	few, vf-f	35% MS, SS, C
	Q	5682	many, f-m, 2.5Y 6/6, N 2.5/0, 7.5YR 516, 1 OYR 6/3	1 <i>O</i> YR 6/6	L	0, ma	fr	aw	few, vf-f	30% SS, MS , <i>C</i>
	2Cr	8292+			Soft grey muds	tone				
1997-04	Oi	01			Grass and legur	me stems				
2-years-old	A	17		2.5Y 312	SL	1-2, f, gr	vfr	cw	many, vf-f	25%

(44% slope)	C1	737	com, f , IOYR 6 /1, 10YR 6/6	2.5Y 3/2, 2.5Y 4/2	CL	90% 0, ma, with pockects of 1, pl 10% 1, f, sbk	fi	gw	many, vf-m	SS, MS, C 45% SS, MS, C
	C2	37120	few, m, N 2.5/0	2.5Y 3/2 , 2.5Y 5/3	CL	0, ma	fi	cw	few, vf-m at rock	75% SS, MS, C
	С3	120152+ 0	om, f, 10YR 4/1, 10YR 3/1	IOYR 5/6, 2.5Y 5/4	SL	0, ma	fr		faces víew, ví	50% SS, MS, C

Site II) & Soil Age	Horizon	Depth (cm)	Nlottling ¹	Moist Color ²	Texture ³	Structure ⁴	Moist ⁵ pH Consistence	Boundary ⁶	Roots'	Rock ⁸ Fragments
1997-05	Oi	()1			Grass and legu	ne stem litter				
2-years-old	A	15		10YR 3/2	SL	1, 111, sbk	ſr	CM	many, vf-f	25%
(1% slope)						and 1, m, gr				SS, MS, C
	AC	522	few, f-m, N 2.5/0, 2.5 614	2.5Y 4/2	Sl.	1, f-m, sbk	fī	cw	com, vi-f	35% MS, <i>SS</i> , C
	С	22-44	many, f-m, 2.5Y 6/4, 7.5YR 5/6, N 2.5/0	2.5Y 4/3, 2.5Y 4/1	CL	0, ma	fi	aw	few, vf-m	40% SS, MS , C
	2Cr	6491+			Soft grey muds	lone				00, PAD 7 C
1997-06	Oi	02			Grass and legur	ne stem litter				
2-years-old (53% slope)		28		10YR 3/3	SL	1, f, gr	fr	cw	many, vf-f	30% SS, MS , C
_		8–14		10YR4/2, IOYR 5/6	SL/L	1, f-m, sbk	fr	aw	many, vf-f	30% SS, MS, C
		14-29	com, c, IOYR 516	2.5Y 4/3	SL	75% 0, ma	fr	gw	many, vf-m	70%

	С	29120+	few, m, N 2.510	2.5Y 513, 10YR 6/1	SL	25% 1, f, sbk 0, ma	fĭ		fcw, vf-m	SS, MS, C 70% SS, MS, C
Native-01	Oi	40			Leaf and twig l	itter				
(31% slope)	A	09		10YR 2/2	SIL	2 , f, gr	v fr	cw	many, vf-c	5%
										SS
	BA	9–18		10YR 4/2	SIL	1, m, sbk	vîr	cw	niany, f-c	10%
						breaking to				SS
						1, m, g r				
	Bw1	18-43		10YR 614	SIL	2, n1-c, sbk	fr	gw	corn, f-m	25%
										SII
	Bw2	4367		IOYR 516	SIL	2, f-m ,sbk	fr	ab	few, f-m	40%
										SS
	R	67104+			Shale					

Soil Age		<u>(</u> cm)				Consistence				Fragments
Native-02	Oi	5()		Leaf and twig	litter					
(58% slope)	OA	02		Decomposed	oraganie matter					
_	A/E	25	10YR 3/1, 10YR 4/2	SI,	l, f, gr	vír		aw	many, \1-111	20%
										SS
	BA	523	10YR 5.6	SL/1.S	I, f, sbk	vñ.T		cw	many, vf-c	40%
					and					SS
					1, f, gr					
	Bw	23-59	IOYR 6/6	SL/LS	1, in, sbk	fr		gw	corn, f-vc	45%
										SS
	BC	59-48	IOYR 6/6	SL/LS	1, m-c, sbk	fr		aw	com, f-vc	55
										SS
	R	88-107+		Fractured sand	dstone, with few roots	in fractures				
		ı	•					7.7 (3)		
Cannel	ton									
1970-01	Oİ.	01								
30-years-old	A	14	10YR <i>313</i>	SIL	2, f, gr	vfr	5.3	aw	many, vf-m	1%
(2% slope)	AC	4-13	1OYR 6/3, 7.5YR <i>516</i>	SICL	1, m, sbk	fr	4.7	cw	com, f-m	10%
` 1 '/			10YR 6/1, N 210							MS, SS, C
	C	1343+	7.5 YR GIG, 7.5YR 7/1	SICL	O, ma	fi	5.0		few, vf-f	25%

			10YR 6/1, N 210 10YR 6/3		and 1, t, pl					MS, SS, C
1970-02	Oi	01								
30-years-old	A	14	10YR 4/3	L	2, f-c, gr	vfr	6.5	aw	many, vf-in	1%
(2% slope)	AC	446	2Y 5/3, 10YR 5/6,	L	1, f-m, sbk	fr	7.0	cw	corn, vf-m	20%
- 1			N 2/0, 7.5Y R 4/6							
	С	1640+	2Y 513, 10YR 5/6,	SL	0, m a		8.0		vſew, m	85%
			N 2/0, 7.5Y R 4/6							

Site ID &	Horizon	Depth	Mottling ¹	Moist Color ²	Texture3	Structure	Moist ⁵	pH	Boundary ⁶	Roots '	Rock ^x
Soil Age		(cm)					Consistence				Fragments
1970-03	Oi	01									
30-years-old	A	I 3		10YR 3/2	L	2, f-m, gr	vír	6.5	cw	many, vf-m	5%
(2% slope)	AC	315		N 2/0, 7.5YR 4/6,	SICI.	2, 111, shk	fir	7.0	gw	com, \f-m	25%
				10YR 512,10YR 6/1,		breaking to					
				7.51'11 6/8		2, f-c, gr					
	C	1545+		N 2/0, 7.5YR 4/6,		O, ma	fī	8.0		few, f-m	50%
				10YR 5/6, 10YR 5/8,							
				1 OYR 5/2							
1984-01	Oi	03									
16-years-old	A	37		1 CV R 412	SL	1, f, gr	vfr	7.5	cw	corn, vf-f	0
(10% slope)	AC	714		2.5Y 5/2	LS	1, f, sbk	vfr	8.0	cw	few, vf-f	GO%
											SS,C,MS
	C	1450+		2.5Y 5.2	LS	O, ma	1	8.0		vsew, vf	70%
											SS,C,MS
1984-02	Oi	02									
16-years-old	Α .	28		2.5Y 4/2	SICL	2, m-c, gr	fr	7.0	c w	many, vf-m	35%
(5% slope)						breaking to					
						2, m, sbk					
	AC	8—18		2.5YR 5/2,10YR 516	SICL	12,c,gr	fi	8.0	cw	corn, f-m	50%



					breaking to					SS, SH
					2, f , sbk					
	c	1845+	2Y 512, 10YR 516	CL	0, ma		8.0		vfew, f	75%
										SS,SII
1984-03	Oi	02								
16-years-old	A	27	2.5Y 412	SIL	2, f-m, gr	fr	7 .0	cw	many, ſ-m	35%
(5% slope)	AC	7-17	2.5Y 4/1 , 7.5 YR 518 ,	L	1, f-m, sbk	fī	8.0	aw	few, f-m	65%
			N 210							
	С	1740+	10YR 4/1, N 2/0	SI,	1		8.0		vfew, f-m	85%

Site ID &	Horizon	Depth	Mottling	Moist Color2	Texture ³	Structure 1	Moist	pН	Boundary ⁶	Roots'	Rock ⁸
Soil Age		(cm)					Consistence	3			Fragments
Native-01	Oi	05	•								
(70% slope)	A	5-17		10YR 4/3	SIL	2, f-m, gr	vſr	5.5		many, f-m	5%
	Bw1	17–33		10YR 4/4	SIL	I, m, sbk breaking to	fr	5.0		many, Ill-c	15%
	Bw2	33–501		10YR 5/6	SIL	2, f-c, gr I, m, sbk breaking to 2, f-c, gr	ſr	5.0		few, m-c	30%
Native-02	Oe	04									
(45% slope)	A	412		10YR 3/3	SIL	2, f-m, gr	fr	5.5	aw	many, vf-f	5%
	AB	1218		10YR 3/4	SIL	1, f, sbk breaking to 2, f-c, gr	fr	5.5	cw	com, vf-f	5%
	Bw1	1831		10YR 3/4	SIL	2, m, sbk breaking to	fr	5.5	cw	com, vf-c	10%
	Bw2	3145+		10YR 4/4	SIL	2, f-c, gr 2, m-c, sbk breaking to	fr	5.5		few, m-c	10%
						2, f-c, gr					
				(Very few discontinue	ous clay films in F		ntinuous clay films	in Bw1)			
Native-03	Oi	03									

(67% slope)	A	3 1 <i>6</i>	10YR 412	SIL	1, f-m, sbk	fr	5.5	aw	many, vf-c	25%
					breaking to					
Í					2, f-m, gr					
	Bw1	16–29	10YR 5/4	SIL	2, f-m, sbk	fr	5.5	cw	fiew, f-c	40%
	Bw2	2945+	10YR 5/6	SIL	2, m, sbk	fr	5.5		vfew, f-m	60%
			(few disc	ontinuous clay	films in lower horizons)					

Site ID &	Horizon	•	Mottling ¹	Moist Color ²	Texture ³	Structure4	Moist	pН	Boundary ⁶	Roots	Rock'
Soil Age_		(cū <u>n)</u>					Consistence				Fragments
Hobe	t-21										.,
1983-01	Oi	02			Leafand twig li	itter					
17-years-old	A	24		2.5Y 312	SIL/L	l,f,sbk	ſr		cw	many, vf-c	20%
(12% slope)						breaking to					SS
						2, m, gr					
	AC	416		2.5Y 5/2	L	1, f, sbk	fit		cw	many, vf-m	50%
											SS,C
	C	1645+		5Y 3/1	SL	0, ma	u			few, vf-f	80%
											SS, C
1983-02	Oi	02									
17-years-old	A	25		7.5YR 3/1	SI.	2, c, gr	vír		cw	many, vi-in	20%
(28% slope)											ss,sii
	AC	519		2.5Y 312	CL	1, f, sbk	fr		cw	com, vf-c	45%
											SS,SH,C
	С	1945+		2.5Y 3/2		0 , ma	fi			few, vf-f	75%
											ss,c
1983-03	Oi	01									
17-years-old	A	15		10YR 3/3	SIL/L	2, f-m, gr	vſr		aw	many, vf-m	15%
(3% slope)											SS, SH
	AC	5–18		IOYR 5/8, 10YR 5/1	CL	l, f, sbk	fr		cw	many, vf-m	50%
											SS, SH, C
	С	1845+		2.5Y 312	L	0, ma	fi, in place,			few, vf-f	80%
							fr in hand				ss,c



ı									
1992-01	Oi	02		Ground moss					
8-years-old	A	25	10YR 3/2, 10YR 4/2	SL	2, vf-f, gr	vfr	aw	many, vf-m	
(3% slope)	$\mathbf{B}\mathbf{w}$	526	1 O YR 4/3, 10Y R 6/4,	CL	2, f-m, sbk	fr	cw	many, vf-rn	45%
			N 210						ss,c
	C	2650+	2.5Y 3/2	SCL	0 , ma	fĭ		com, vf-f	55%
									SS,C

Soil Age		(cm)				Consistenc	ee.			Fragments
1992-02	Oi	02		Mat of moss ar	nd mots					
8-years-old (5% slope)	A	26	2.5Y 3/3	I.	1, f-ni, gr	vfr		3W	many, vf-m	20% SS
- 1	AC	628	2.5Y 5/3, 10YR 6/6 N 210	SI.	I, f-ni, slik	fi [.]		C\\'	many, vf-m	65% SS
	С	2845+	2.5Y 5/3, 7.5YR 5/6, N 210	SI,	O, ma	fi			few, vf-f	65% SS
1992-03	Oi	01		Leaf litter from	1 forages					
8-years-old (5% slope)	A	15	2.5Y 4′2	T.	1, f-m, gr	vfr		CW	many, vf-m	25% SS
	AC	511	2.5Y 4/2	SL	1, f, sbk breaking to 2, m, gr	vfr		cw	many, vf-rn	25% SS
	С	11-45 F	2.5Y 1/2	SI.	0, ma	fi [.]			few. \f f	80% SS
Native-01	Oi	03	•	Leaf and twig	litter					
(45% slope)	Oe	34								
	A	4–13	IOYR 412	SL	2, f-m, gr	vfr	5.5	aw	corn, vf-m	5% SS
	E	1327	10YR 6/4	SL	1, m ,sbk	fr	5.5	cw	corn, vf-c	5% SS
	Bt1	27-44	IOYR 5/6	SCL	2, m, sbk	fr	5.5	gw	few, vf-c	5%
	Bt2	4457+	10YR 5/6	CL	2, m, sbk	fr	4.8	-	few, vf-c	10% SS
			(few patchy clay films on ped faces and in]	pores in the Btl	and common patch	y clay films on p	ed faces an	in pores on l	Bt2)	

Site ID & Soil Age	Horizon	Depth (ern)	Mottling	Moist Color ²	Texture ³	Structure ⁴	Moist ⁵ Consistence	pH	Boundary ⁶	Roots	Rock ⁸ Fragments
	0.				1 6 1 12		Consistence				Fragments
Native-02	Oi	05			Leaf and twig li						
(70% slope)	A	511		10YR 3/3	SI-	2, f, gr	vír	5.5	cw	many, vf-c	15 SS%
											SS
	BA	1126		10YR 4/4	SL	1, f, sbk	vír	5.2	cw	many, vf-ve	20%
						breaking to					SS
						I, f-ni, gr					
	Bw1	26-38		10YR 5/4	SL	1, m, sbk	fir	5.2	gw	coni, f-vc	20%
						• • • •			J	,	SS
	Bw2	3860+		10YR 5/4	SL	1, m,sbk	fr	4.7		coni, T-vc	25%
	22			10220.	0.2	.,,	•			com, 1 10	SS
											55
Native-03	Oi	05			Leaf litter						
(72% slope)		59			ricul inte						
(12 % Slope)				10VD 2/2	CI	Q f		47			000/
	A	917		10YR 3/2	SL	2, f-m, gi	vfr	4.7	cw	many, vf-m	20%
											SS
	AB	1735		10YR 3/4, 10YR 5/6	SI	2, f-ni, gr	vfr	5.0	cw	many, vf-vc	35%
											SS
	Bwl	3551		10 YR 5/6	SL	1, m, sbk	fr	5.0	gw	many, vf-c	35%
											SS
	Bw2	5181-		7.5YR4/6	SL	l, m, sbk	fr	4.5		com, vf-c	45%
						-					22

⁻f=fine, m=medium, c= coarse, com=common

²-Colors derived with Munsel color book

³-CL=clay loam, L=loam, LS= loamy sand, SCL=sandy clay loam, SICL=silty clay loam, SIL=silt loam, SL=sandy loam

⁴⁻⁰⁼stuctureless, 1=weak, 2=moderate

vf=very fine, f=fine, m=medium, c=coarse, t=thick

gr=granualr, ma=massive, pl=platy, sbk=subangular blocky

⁵-fr=friable, fi=firm, L=loose, vfr=very friable

⁶⁻aw-abrupt wavy, cw-clear wavy, gw-gradual wavy, ab-abrupt broken, ci-clear irregular, gi-gradual irregular, as-abrupt smooth

⁷-com-common, vfew=very few, vf=very fine, f=fine, m=medium, c=coarse, vc=very coarse

⁸⁻Cocarbolithic material, CO=conglomerate, MS=mudstone, SH=shale, SS=sandstone

. ';1 1		as Microbial ite, harion	alicrobial biomass	Potentially Mineralizable
	Carbon		Nitrogen	Nitrogen
	mg/kg	ug-CO ₂ -C/kg/hr	mg/kg	mg/kg
Dal-Tex				
Gently Sloping				
23 yrs old	4000	1.470		0.0
1976-01	1080	1452	55	83
1976-03	659	780	76	79
1976-05	1111	1163	100	119
mean	950	1132	77	94
11 yrs old				
1988-01	989	2025	84	156
1988-03	78G	1791	27	180
1988-05	1061	1098	102	95
mean	945	1638	71	144
7 yrs old				
1992-01	907	2288	62	172
1992-03	1506	2055	148	180
1992-05	1014	3971	78	248
mean	1142	2772	96	200
2 yrs old				
1997-01	219	104	13	27
1997-03	362	260	17	42
1997-05	216	133	20	34
mean	266	166	17	68
Strongly Sloping				
23 yrs old				
1976-02	618	1347	19	94
1976-04	387	261	22	55
1976-06	567	784	36	55
mean	524	798	26	68
Table 3. C				

	Carbon		Nitrogen	Nitrogen
	mg is	ug-CO_ C' ,.hr	m; "ig	mg/kg
11 yrs old				·
1988-02	698	1632	50	103
1988-04	451	728	27	75
1988-06	669	1237	48	94
mean	616	1199	42	90
7 yrs old				
1992-02	739	1986	65	135
1992-04	573	592	62	30
1992-06	106	255	15	13
mean	489	944	47	59
2 yrs old				
1997-02	1236	2792	93	238
1997-04	799	467	49	156
1997-06	1031	676	68	115
mean	1022	1312	70	170
Natives				
Native-01	1171	988	90.0	70.8
Native-02	1885	1S39	138.0	43.3
mean	1528	1414	114	68
				· n 👺
Cannelton				
Gently Sloping				
30 yrs old				
1970-01	4893	6119	505	400
1970-02	2261	2810	203	269
1970-03	2898	3481	273	256
mean	3351	4137	329	308

Table 3. Continued

Microbial Biomass	Microbial Respiration	Microbial Biomass	Potentially Mineralizable
Carbon		Nitrogen	Nitrogen
	ug-CO ₂ -C/kg/hr	mg/kg	mg/kg

16 yrs old				
1984-01	307	193	35	26
1984-02	220	271	12	39
1984-03	314	377	31	45
mean	280	247	26	37
Strongly Sloping				
Natives				
Native-01	883	526	91	57
Native-02	1120	100s	145	77
Native-03		853	123	70
mean	1029	79 6	119	68
Holbet 21				
17 yrs old				
Gently Sloping				
1983-01		1477	170	134
1983-02		1050	98	102
1983-03		2931	302	221
	1928	1819	190	152
8 yrs old				
1992-01	1455	1014	154	110
1992-02		79s	5 s	103
1992-03	12C‡	686	112	111
	1166	833	108	111
Strongly Sloping				
Natives				
Native-01	101 [G39	C5	48
Native-02	834	658	73	GO
Native-03		479	69	51
	883	592	69	53

.

Table 4. Ratios of microbial biomass C (MBC) to total C (TC), microbial biomsss N (MBN) to total N (TN), potentially mineralizable N (PMN) to TN, and microbial respiration (MR) to MBC on native soils and minesoils at the Dal-Tex site, Smithers site, and the Holbet 21 site.

Soil ID	Slope	MBC	MR	MBN	<u>PMN</u>
	Class [#]	TC	MBC	TN	TN
		%	CO ₂ -C/hr x10 ⁻⁴	%	%
Dal-Tex					
Native	SS	1.7	9.2	4.1	2.4
23-year-old	GS	2.4	12.0	4.9	5.8
	SS	2.2	15.6	7.7	16.8
11-year-old	GS	3.6	17.5	19.6	35.9
	SS	3.8	19.6	41.7	90.4
7-year-old	GS	2.5	23.9	24.1	50.0
	SS	1.3	19.3	59.0	84.7
2-y ear-old	GS	0.9	6.1		
	SS	2.2	12.1	13.4	33.9
Cannelton	and and a second				Section 1979
Native	SS	2.5	7.7	7.4	4.2
30-year-old	GS	3.3	12.3	6.1	5.7
16-year-old	GS Mario de arma apr	1.2	8.8	13.1	18.3
Hobet 21	e danie e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e		i i dag dega At ili i i i ti i tikeli iki ji i salif i i i i i i		
Native	SS	2.7	6.7	11.4	8.8
17-year-old	GS	2.0	9.4	4.2	3.4
8-year-old	GS	2.2	7.1	7.7	7.9

^{#-} GS=Gently Sloping; SS=Strongly Sloping